

# SIPACRIL CP 29

# AQUEOUS EMULSION OF ACRYLIC COPOLYMER FOR TEXTILE COATING.

### Chemical composition:

Aqueous dispersion of acrylic polymers.

### **Chemical and Physical characteristics:**

Aspect (at 20°C):	Milky liquid
Ionic type:	Anionic
Active content:	45% ca.
Specific Gravity:	1,03 Kg/dm <sup>3</sup>
pH, (as received):	6.0 - 7.0
Tg (DSC)	- 11°C

#### **CHARACTERISTICS (FILM)**

Aspect:	Transparent
Handle :	Soft
Light Fastness	Good

# Properties and application:

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- Soft handle
- Good flexibility, also at temperatures below zero
- · Good adhesion to the majority of fabric types
- Good resistance to normally used solvents
- · Good fastness to washing and dry cleaning
- · Good fastness to light and weathering

### FIELDS OF APPLICATION

- · Coatings with soft handle for clothing, anoraks, sports clothing.
- Coatings for external use: tentings, awnings, and umbrella fabrics.
- Padding
- · Binder for pigment printing and dyeing

# SIPACRIL CP 29 may be applied by the following methods :

- · Air-knife coating
- Knife-on-cylinder coating
- Reverse roll coating
- padding



Lamberti Spa - via Marsala 38, 21013 Gallarate (VA) Italy

page 1/2

tel ++39 0331 715937 fax++39 0331 715959 e-mail:textiles@lamberti.com - www.lamberti.com

This information is given in good faith and to the best of our knowledge. Every user of our products is responsible as regards observation of all legal regulations including patent laws. Detailed information on handling, and eventual precautions to be observed in the use of the product can be found in our relevant Health and Safety Information Sheet.



- · Flocking devices
- Flat or rotary screen printing

### Instruction for use:

#### APPLICATION BY COATING

SIPACRIL CP 29, as supplied, is low viscosity, which can be increased by the addition of 1.0 - 5.0 % of thickener VISCOLAM 115 NEW (pre-diluted 1 : 1 with water) on weight of SIPACRIL CP 29, followed by the addition of ammonia to pH 8.5 - 9.0 to desired viscosity.

If there are problems with foam, or entrapped air, then we suggest to add 5.0-20~g/Kg of DEFOMEX VO to the paste during preparation

After the application on to the fabric, it is necessary to cure for 2 - 3 mins at 130 -  $150^{\circ}$ C. to obtain the required reticulation.

To obtain a better curing it is possible to add melaminic resins to the paste e.g. CELLOFIX VLF or blocked isocyanates as ROLFLEX BK8 , followed by polymerization at  $150 - 160^{\circ}$ C (initial drying zone  $120^{\circ}$ C).

In this way it is possible to eliminate the thermo-plasticity, reduce the swelling in humid conditions, and improve the fastness to washing and dry cleaning of the finishes produced.

#### NOTF:

It is possible to modify the handle of the finishing (e.g. harder, dryer, etc) by the addition of other polymeric emulsions/dispersions e.g. TEXTOL RGD or TEXTOL PV/CC.

It is also possible the addition of PU based polymeric dispersion e.g. ROLFLEX AP, ROLFLEX ZB/7, ROLFLEX K/80.

In all cases it is necessary to make pre-tests to ensure stability of the dispersions, pastes, and handles obtained.

The addition of 2.0 - 5.0% of colloidal silica to the paste gives an opaque appearance, also removes any stickiness of the coated film when the dry add-on is high.

## Pigmented coatings:

For pigmentation we recommend to use anionic pigments

# Storage and packing:

The product should be stored in a dry area at temperature higher than 5°C and far away from heat

Storage stability: 12 month

Packing Plastic drum of 125 kg, plastic tank of 1000 kg.

Notes: Before the usage of our products in bulk conditions, we advice to

carry out some tests in order to evaluate if the product reach

customer requirements.

